# Math 218D: Week 9 Discussion

### STUDY COPY

October 27, 2022

**Problem 1.** Define the concept of an A = QR factorization.

**Problem 2.** A matrix M has orthonormal columns if and only if  $M^{\intercal}M =$ 

**Problem 3.** Given A = QR, projection onto Col(A) is given by  $P_{Col(A)} =$ 

**Problem 4.** Suppose A = QR where A has full column rank. Then the least squares problem  $A^{\intercal}A\widehat{x} = A^{\intercal}b$  reduces to

**Problem 5.** Suppose that A is  $m \times n$  with orthonormal columns and that  $v \in \mathbb{R}^n$ .

(a) Show that  $||A\mathbf{v}|| = ||\mathbf{v}||$ .

(b) Show that  $n \leq m$ .

**Problem 6.** Calculate  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -9 & 3 & -8 \\ 9 & -81 & 27 & -70 \\ -5 & 45 & -14 & 29 \\ -7 & 60 & -16 & 52 \end{bmatrix}.$ 



$$\begin{bmatrix} P & A & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 6 \\ -1 & -4 & 1 & -1 & -4 \\ -2 & -10 & 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & L & U & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1/4 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1/8 & 29/74 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4/37 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 3/8 & 17/74 & -8/19 & -12/19 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 3 & 1 & -2 & -3 \\ 0 & -37/4 & 1/4 & 3/2 & -7/4 \\ 0 & 0 & 3/8/37 & -273/74 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 5/2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 97/38 \end{bmatrix}$$

Calculate det(A).

**Problem 8.** For  $n \times n$  matrices A and B,  $\det(A^{\mathsf{T}}) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$  and  $\det(AB) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .

**Problem 9.** If possible, find  $3 \times 3$  matrices A and B satisfying  $\det(A + B) \neq \det(A) + \det(B)$ . If this is not possible, then explain why.

**Problem 10.** The (i,j) minor of A is  $M_{ij} =$ \_\_\_\_\_ and the (i,j) cofactor is  $C_{ij} =$ \_\_\_\_\_

# Math 218D: Week 10 Discussion

### STUDY COPY

November 3, 2022

**Problem 1.** Suppose that  $\det(A) = 35$  and that each (i, j) minor of A is the (i, j) entry of  $M = \begin{bmatrix} -45 & -9 & -41 & 5 \\ -10 & 5 & 15 & 5 \\ 45 & 16 & 34 & -5 \\ -10 & -2 & -13 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ .

(a) Find the cofactor matrix C of A and the adjugate matrix  $\operatorname{adj}(A)$ .

(b) Find three independent vectors orthogonal to the first column of A.

(c) Solve  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$  for  $\mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 7 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^\mathsf{T}$ 

**Problem 2.** Suppose that  $\lambda$  is an eigenvalue of an  $n \times n$  matrix A. Then  $\det(\lambda \cdot I_n - A) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .

**Problem 3.** The reciprocal of z = 7 - 9i is  $1/z = ____ + ___i$ .

**Problem 4.** Consider the vectors  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 1+i & 5 \end{bmatrix}^{\mathsf{T}}$  and  $\mathbf{w} = \begin{bmatrix} 1-3i & 2+i \end{bmatrix}^{\mathsf{T}}$  and the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1+i & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3-2i \end{bmatrix}$ .

(a) Calculate  $\|\boldsymbol{v}\|$ .

(b) Calculate  $\langle \boldsymbol{v}, \boldsymbol{w} \rangle$ .

(c) Calculate  $A^*v$ .

**Problem 5.** We call a matrix A Hermitian if \_\_\_\_\_\_. We call A unitary if \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Problem 6.** Suppose that H is Hermitian. Show that every diagonal entry of H is a real number.

**Problem 7.** Suppose that U is  $n \times n$  unitary and that  $v, w \in \mathbb{C}^n$ . Show that  $\langle Uv, Uw \rangle = \langle v, w \rangle$ .

# Math 218D: Week 11 Discussion

### STUDY COPY

## November 10, 2022

#### **Problem 1.** The polynomial

$$f(t) = t^4 - 2t^3 - t^2 + t - 14$$

has four distinct roots  $r_1$ ,  $r_2$ ,  $r_3$ , and  $r_4$ .

- (a)  $r_1 + r_2 + r_3 + r_4 = \underline{\phantom{a}}$  and  $r_1 r_2 r_3 r_4 = \underline{\phantom{a}}$ (b) Calculate  $(1 r_1)(1 r_2)(1 r_3)(1 r_4)$ .

**Problem 2.** Let  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  be the roots of

$$f(t) = -9t^2 - 2t - 1$$

Calculate  $r_1^2 + r_2^2$ .

Hint. Consider  $(r_1 + r_2)^2$ 

#### **Problem 3.** Consider the equation

$$\begin{bmatrix} 18 & 10 & -5 & 0 \\ -10 & * & 8 & 5 \\ -6 & -28 & -14 & -14 \\ -11 & -30 & -11 & -10 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 18 & 10 & -5 & 0 \\ -10 & * & 8 & 5 \\ -6 & -28 & -14 & -14 \\ -11 & -30 & -11 & -10 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & * & -7 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & * & * \\ -1 & 6 & -1 & -6 \\ * & * & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 11 & 10 & 0 & 3 \\ * & -7 & * & -3 \\ -10 & * & * & -3 \\ 3 & 3 & * & * \end{bmatrix}$$

where the entries marked \* are unknown. Find the missing entry of A.

**Problem 4.** Suppose that A has eigenspaces given by

$$\mathcal{E}_A(7) = \operatorname{Span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^{\mathsf{T}} \right\} \quad \mathcal{E}_A(1) = \operatorname{Span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -5 & -5 \end{bmatrix}^{\mathsf{T}} \right\} \quad \mathcal{E}_A(-1) = \operatorname{Span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -7 & -9 \end{bmatrix}^{\mathsf{T}} \right\}$$
Calculate  $A^{2021} \boldsymbol{v}$  for  $\boldsymbol{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}^{\mathsf{T}}$ .

# Math 218D: Week 12 Discussion

### STUDY COPY

## November 17, 2022

**Problem 1.** Consider the factorization

$$\begin{bmatrix} -233 & 693 \\ -84 & 250 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 11 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 19 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 11 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}^{-1}$$

- $(a) \det(A) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (b) Find the solution u(t) to the initial value problem du/dt = Au with  $u(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^{\mathsf{T}}$ .

(c) Let V be the vector space consisting of all vectors  $\boldsymbol{v}$  such that the solution  $\boldsymbol{u}(t)$  to  ${}^{d\boldsymbol{u}}/{}_{dt} = A\boldsymbol{u}$  with  $\boldsymbol{u}(0) = \boldsymbol{v}$  satisfies  $\lim_{t \to \infty} \boldsymbol{u}(t) = \boldsymbol{O}$ . Find a basis of V.

## **Problem 2.** What is a spectral factorization? Which matrices have spectral factorizations?

**Problem 3.** Suppose S is a real-symmetric matrix whose eigenspaces are given by

$$\mathcal{E}_S(-3) = \operatorname{Span}\{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{\mathsf{T}}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -3 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{\mathsf{T}}\} \quad \mathcal{E}_S(5) = \operatorname{Span}\{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{\mathsf{T}}\} \quad \mathcal{E}_S(9) = ?$$

(a) Find a basis of  $\mathcal{E}_S(9)$ .

(b) Find a spectral factorization of S.